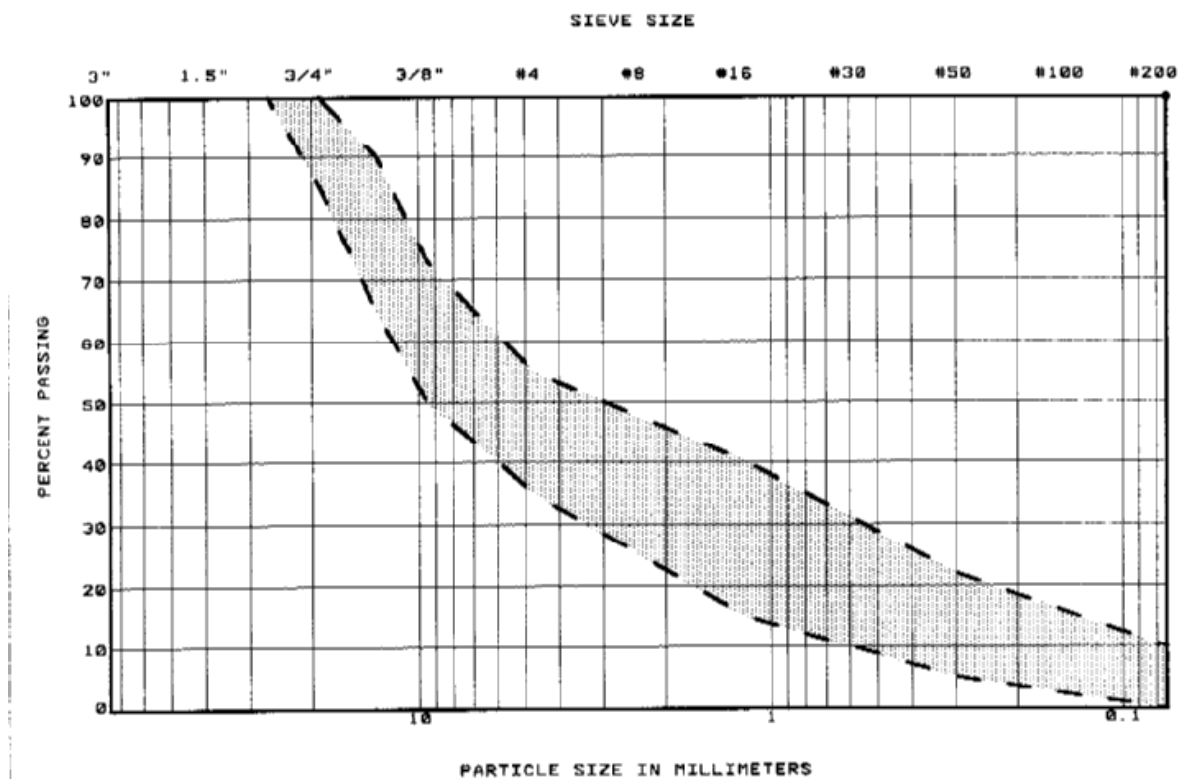




Sub-Surface Installation Summary

1. Evaluate existing drainage. If the installation area is lower than the adjacent grades and tends to collect water or if there are standing puddles on the sub-surface, a sub-surface water management system must be installed. It is recommended that an individual with drainage experience such as a soil or civil engineer inspect the site prior to commencement of the installation. See SSI's sub-surface preparation guide for detailed information.
2. Remove topsoil until solid, packed and stable sub-soil is visible and level. Test sub-soil for rebound. If sub soil is of poor quality then there is a possibility that geotextile cloth may be necessary between the sub-soil and the granular sub-surface.
3. Install retainer edge. Various retainer edging options are available including, wood and concrete retainers installed both above and below grade. Refer to SofSURFACES complete sub surface guide for retainer edge options.
4. Install 4-8 inches of Granular A aggregate. Contact local soil engineers for detailed local aggregate specifications and performance expectations. Granular A shall consist of crushed rock composed of hard, fractured fragments free of clay coatings. Granular A shall be produced from bed rock gravel, cobbles or boulders of uniform quality. Granular A may also contain a blend or combination of crushed gravel, sand and fines produced from naturally formed deposits, crushed slag produced from air-cooled iron blast furnace or nickel slag, reclaimed Portland cement concrete, or reclaimed asphalt pavement material. Install material in 3" layers. Granular base aggregate must match the grading curve for OPS specification for granular A aggregate. (see attached)
5. Rolling Packer – It is critical that the base be properly compacted. Without adequate sub-surface compaction the planarity of finished surface will change as the sub-surface planarity changes. Use a rolling bomag (or equivalent) vibrating packer to reach 98% standard proctor density. In most cases it will be impossible to obtain adequate compaction with vibrating packers alone. Complete multiple passes in both directions. Assist packing by soaking aggregates. Once materials have been adequately packed, a compaction test (nuclear densometer or equivalent) is recommended for both client and installer assurance of quality.
6. Level sub-surface aggregate to $\pm 1/4"$ over 10' measured in any direction. The packing aggregate that falls into the OPS gradient curve for granular A will have a size ranging from fines to $3/4"$. This product is difficult to get smooth enough for a proper surface installation due to the larger aggregate contained in the mix. To ensure proper planarity install $1/2"$ of $1/4"$ minus granite screenings or "chips and dust" over the final compacted and leveled sub-surface. This material is used to fill in the undulations in planarity of the packed aggregate. Pack material as stated above.
7. Extend granular base 3-6" past edge of installation. The edge of the surface is the area of greatest use and misuse. Extending the subsurface 3-6" past the anticipated final edge of the resilient surface will assist in stabilizing the edge in the future. When no solid retainer edge is going to be used at the edge of the installation, then the granular base must be sloped off at a 4" rise in 12" run. Slope for 12 linear inches or until the packed subsurface is 4" below finished grade of adjacent surface. This prevents a tripping hazard in the event the adjacent loose fill surface erodes and exposes the edge of the resilient surface.
8. Base surface slope to be 2% in order to ensure adequate water drainage.

9. Inspect final packed aggregate base. It is important to carefully inspect any base supplied by an outside contractor. Often clients assume that commencement to install SofTILE over the prepared base indicates acceptance and responsibility for the base. Commencement of an installation over any type of base is only an indication that the installer of the resilient surface is satisfied with the planarity of the base.
10. Installation of geotextile over granular base. Position the first 10' width of geotextile fabric (terrafix 200R or equivalent) beside and parallel to the area that has the most cuts for posts and other adjacent supports. Cut this piece to fit adjacent supports. Allow cloth to extend 12" past the posts. Overlap joints by 12" and seal with tape. After taping stretch material as tightly as possible. Retain the fabric at edges by stapling to wooden retainer, gluing to concrete retainer or burying under the soil at increased depth edges.
11. For detailed instructions on sub-base installation please refer to SofSURFACES published sub-surface installation guide.



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